REPORT OF AUDIT
FOR THE YEARS ENDED
MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014



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March 31, 2015 and 2014

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HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BOROUGH OF BUENA FINANCIAL SECTION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena, a component unit of the Borough of Buena, as of and for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United Stated of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and in compliance with the audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluation the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Financial Data Schedule, and other supplementary information as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Financial Data Schedule as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Financial Data Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2015 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bowman SCompany LLP

BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

Woodbury, New Jersey November 17, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena, a component unit of the Borough of Buena, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bowman 1 Company LLP
BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP
Certified Public Accountants
& Consultants

Woodbury, New Jersey November 17, 2015

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED March 31, 2015

As management of the Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena, we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activity of the Authority for the year ended March 31, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities as of March 31, 2015 by \$1,956,686 (net position).
- The Authority's cash balance as of March 31, 2015 was \$183,861 representing a decrease of \$17,706 from March 31, 2014.
- The Authority had intergovernmental revenues of \$111,034 from HUD operating subsidy and \$65,606 from HUD capital fund grants for the year ended March 31, 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements included in this annual report are those of a special-purpose government engaged only in a business-type activity. The following statements are included:

- Statements of Net Position reports the Authority's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term debt obligations.
- Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reports the Authority's operating and nonoperating revenue, by major sources, along with operating and nonoperating expenses and capital contributions.
- **Statements of Cash Flows** reports the Authority's net cash from operating, investing, capital and noncapital related financial activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY-WIDE)

Total assets decreased by \$46,462 in 2015 from the prior year primarily due to depreciation of capital assets of \$105,015 offset by the purchase of capital assets of \$40,620, an increase in subsidy receivable of \$27,202 and prepaid expenses of \$7,885, and a decrease in cash of \$17,706 primarily due to the payoff of the pension liability of \$17,374.

Total assets decreased by \$70,940 in 2014 from the prior year primarily due to depreciation of capital assets of \$106,683 and an increase in cash of \$34,707. Cash increased primarily due to additional rental income of \$9,951, additional federal funding of \$10,922 and other income of \$3,810.

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED (CONT'D) March 31, 2015

Current liabilities increased by \$12,413 in 2015 from the prior year, due primarily to an increase in accrued utilities of \$11,641. Current liabilities decreased by \$27,098 in 2014 from the prior year, due primarily to a decrease in accounts payable of \$26,817.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$16,255 in 2015 from the prior year due to the payoff of the pension liability of \$17,374 and an increase in accrued compensated absences of \$1,119. Noncurrent liabilities increased by \$1,150 in 2014 from the prior year due to an increase in long-term compensated absences of \$1,113 and an increase of \$37 in accrued pension costs.

The following table summarizes the changes in net position between March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 for the Authority as a whole:

ENTITY-WIDE	2015	2014	2013
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 183,861	\$ 201,567	\$ 166,860
Other Current Assets	50,967	15,328	14,291
Capital Assets	1,787,256	1,851,651	1,958,335
TOTAL ASSETS	2,022,084	2,068,546	2,139,486
Current Liabilities	56,102	43,689	70,787
Noncurrent Liabilities	9,296	25,551	24,401
TOTAL LIABILITIES	65,398	69,240	95,188
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,787,256	1,851,651	1,958,335
Unrestricted Net Position	169,430	147,655	85,963
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,956,686	\$ 1,999,306	\$ 2,044,298

Comparatively, 2015 revenue increased by \$27,389 from 2014 primarily due to an increase in tenant rental income of \$11,039 and an increase in federal funding of \$17,673. Comparatively, 2014 revenue increased by \$24,683 from 2013 due to an increase in tenant rental income of \$9,951, an increase in federal funding of \$10,922 and other income of \$3,810.

Interest income increased by \$53 in 2015 from 2014 due to higher balances in the bank accounts during the year. Interest income decreased by \$13 in 2014 from the prior year due to the combination of lower cash and investment balance maintained throughout the year along with lower interest rates.

Expenses increased by \$25,070 from 2014 to 2015 primarily due to increases in utility costs of \$18,047 and increases in maintenance expenses of \$10,220. Expenses decreased by \$1,514 from 2014 to 2013 primarily due to decreases in administrative expenses and utilities offset by increases in tenant services, maintenance, general expenses and depreciation.

Administrative expenses decreased by \$337 in 2015 from the prior year due to a decrease in sundry expenses. Administrative expenses decreased by \$16,934 in 2014 from the prior year primarily due to a decrease in employee salaries and benefits due to an employee's retirement.

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED (CONT'D) March 31, 2015

Utilities expense increased in 2015 from the prior year in the amount of \$18,047 primarily due to a significant increase in gas consumption. Utilities expense decreased in 2014 from the prior year in the amount of \$16,264 primarily due to faulty gas meters and gas lines which were replaced by the township in the spring of 2013.

Maintenance expenses increased in 2015 from 2014 by \$10,220 primarily due to roof cleaning of \$5,040 and other small projects of \$5,997. Maintenance expenses increased in 2014 from 2013 by \$24,375 primarily due to flooring expenses of \$9,680, snow removal expenses of \$2,945, ventilation expenses of \$3,050, tree removal costs of \$2,000 and an increase in material costs of \$5,245.

Depreciation expense decreased in 2015 from the prior year by \$1,668 due to more capital assets being fully depreciated. Depreciation expense increased in 2014 from the prior year in the amount of \$4,004 due to depreciation on assets placed in service at the end of 2013.

The following table summarizes the changes in revenues and expenses between 2015, 2014 and 2013 for the Authority as a whole (entity-wide):

		2015	2014	2013
OPERATING REVENUE:				
Tenant Rental Revenue	\$	227,327	\$ 216,288	\$ 206,337
Federal Grant Awards		176,640	158,967	148,045
Other Income		6,434	7,757	3,947
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		410,401	383,012	 358,329
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Administrative		122,400	122,737	139,671
Tenant Services		1,303	1,764	1,329
Utilities		89,279	71,232	87.496
Maintenance		100,669	90,449	66,074
General Expenses		34,550	35,281	32,411
Depreciation Expense		105,015	106,683	102,679
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		453,216	 428,146	429,660
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENS	SES):	•		
Insurance recovery, net	,	· •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,233
Investment Income		195	142	155
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets		-		(1,581)
NET NONOPERATING REVENUE		195	142	9,807
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(42,620)	(44,992)	(61,524)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		1,999,306	 2,044,298	 2,105,822
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	1,956,686	\$ 1,999,306	 2,044,298

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED (CONT'D) March 31, 2015

CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table summarizes the changes in capital assets between March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013:

	2015	2014	2013
Land Buildings and Improvements	\$ 313,978 3,482,564	\$ 313,978 3,458,499	\$ 313,978 3,474,454
Equipment-Dwelling Equipment-Nondwelling	59,972 47,072	59,972 34,381	121,712 36,147
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	3,903,586	3,866,830	3,946,291
Accumulated depreciation	2,116,330	2,015,179	1,987,956
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 1,787,256	\$ 1,851,651	\$ 1,958,335

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Debt:

As of March 31, 2015, the Authority had no outstanding debt.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena, 600 Central Avenue, Minotola, NJ 08341-1014.

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena

Statements of Net Position March 31, 2015 and 2014

	<u> 2015</u>	2014
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 163,317	\$ 180,534
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	20,544	21,033
of \$0 in 2015 and 2014	-	67
Due from HUD	27,202	-
Other receivables	1,283	664
Prepaid expenses	22,482	14,597
Total current assets	234,828	216,895
Non-current assets		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,787,256	1,851,651
Total assets	\$ 2,022,084	\$ 2,068,546
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,654	\$ 3,995
Accrued expenses	13,774	1,854
Accrued compensated absences	2,324	2,316
Tenant security deposits	20,545	21,033
Due to other governments	13,805	14,491
Total current liabilities	56,102	43,689
Non-current liabilities		
Accrued compensated absences	9,296	8,177
Accrued pension costs		17,374
Total non-current liabilities	9,296	25,551
Total liabilities	65,398	69,240
	77.4.11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	1,787,256	1,851,651
Unrestricted	169,430	147,655
Total net position	1,956,686	1,999,306
	\$ 2,022,084	\$ 2,068,546

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>	2014
Operating revenue	470040	450.007
Federal grant awards	\$ 176,640	\$ 158,967
Tenant charges	227,327	216,288
Other income	6,434	7,757
Total operating revenue	410,401	383,012
Operating expenses		
Administration	122,400	122,737
Tenant services	1,303	1,764
Utilities	89,279	71,232
Ordinary maintenance and operations	100,669	90,449
General expenses	34,550	35,281
Depreciation expense	105,015	106,683
Total operating expenses	453,216	428,146
Operating loss	(42,815)	(45,134)
Non-operating revenue (expenses):	405	440
Interest income	195	142
Non-operating revenue	195	142_
Decrease in net position	(42,620)	(44,992)
Net position at the beginning of the year	1,999,306	2,044,298
Net position at the end of the year	\$ 1,956,686	\$ 1,999,306

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from federal programs	\$	149,438	\$	158,967
Cash received from tenants		226,906		217,799
Other operating cash receipts		6,434		7,757
Payments to employees		(103,311)		(99,521)
Payments for goods and services	-	(256,748)		(250,437)
Net cash provided by operating activities		22,719		34,565
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Purchase of capital assets		(40,620)		-
Not each used in spritch and related forces on estilities		(40,000)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(40,620)	-	•
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sales of investments				
Interest income received		195		142
Net cash provided by investing activities		195		142
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(17,706)		34,707
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	·	201,567		166,860
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		183,861	\$	201,567
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities				
Operating loss	\$	(42,815)	\$	(45,134)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by				
operating activities				
Depreciation		105,015		106,683
(Increase) decrease in assets				
Accounts receivable		67		(67
Due from HUD		(27,202)		-
Other receivables		(619)		(664
Prepaid expenses		(7,885)		(306
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				
Accounts payable		1,659		(26,816
Accrued expenses		11,920		(5,027
Tenant security deposits		(488)		1,718
Due to other governments		(686)		2,620
Unearned revenue				(140
Accrued compensated absences		1,127		1,661
Accrued pension costs	<u> </u>	(17,374)	<u> </u>	37
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	22,719	\$	34,565
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statements of net position				
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	163,317	\$	180,534
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	. ,	20,544		21,033
	\$	183,861	\$	201,567

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BOROUGH OF BUENA Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1: ORGANIZATION AND ACTIVITY

Reporting entity

The Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena (the "Authority") was created under federal and state housing laws as defined by state statute (N.J.S.A. 40A:12A-1, et seq., the "Housing Authority Act"). The Authority is governed by a Board of seven members who serve five-year terms. The governing Board is essentially autonomous but is responsible to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and the New Jersey State Department of Community Affairs. An Executive Director is appointed by the Authority's Board to manage the day-to-day operations of the Authority. The Authority is responsible for the development, maintenance and management of public housing for low and moderate income families residing in the Borough of Buena, New Jersey. Operating and modernization subsidies are provided to the Authority by the federal government.

As of March 31, 2015, the activities of the Authority include the ownership and/or management of the following housing projects in Buena, New Jersey:

The Public Housing Program consists of 60 rental units constructed or purchased and operated by the Authority. The purpose of this program is to provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing to eligible low-income families and the elderly at rents they can afford. HUD provides assistance to the Authority in the form of operating subsidies.

Component unit

In evaluating how to define the Authority for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in-substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit would be or is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and / or its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 1: ORGANIZATION AND ACTIVITY (continued)

Component unit (continued)

The Authority is a component unit of the Borough of Buena (the "Borough") as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements described above because the Council of the Borough of Buena appoints 6 out of the 7 commissioners to the Buena Housing Authority Board. These financial statements would be either blended or discreetly presented as part of the Borough's financial statements if the Borough reported using generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities.

As of March 31, 2015, it has been determined by the Authority that no component units exist.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to enterprise funds of State and Local Governments on a going concern basis. The focus of enterprise funds is the measurement of economic resources, that is, the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Authority is a single enterprise fund and maintains its records on the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise funds account for activities (i) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activities; or (ii) that are required by law or regulations that the activity's cost of providing services, including capital cost (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues; or (iii) that the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service). Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are being recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Enterprise funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues -- Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Tenant charges are recognized as revenue when services are provided.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of accounting (continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Authority receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, contributed capital, and donations. Revenue from grants, contributed capital, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Authority must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Authority on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Budgets and budgetary control

The Authority prepares an annual budget as required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5A-10. Such budgets are required to be prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting which differs in certain respects from the full accrual basis of accounting that the Authority utilizes for financial reporting. Such budgets are required to be submitted to the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs and total appropriations constitute the legal level of control. Total expenditures are not permitted to exceed budgeted amounts without State approval. Budget amendments during the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were not significant.

Non-appropriated capital budgets are prepared for the Capital Fund Program. Expenditures for these funds are controlled on the basis of applicable separate annual grant awards from HUD and are carried forward each year until the projects are completed or the grant award has been expended.

The Authority's annual budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by function and nature. The total amount of appropriations constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level without approval of the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents and investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, cash in banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at time of purchase and are stated at fair value, which approximates cost. Such is the definition of cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows.

HUD authorizes public housing authorities to invest in U.S. obligations, U.S. agencies, money market funds limited to U.S. obligations, certificates of deposit, savings accounts, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by U.S. obligations (with certain restrictions).

New Jersey governmental units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey municipal units. In addition, other State statutes permit investments in obligations issued by local authorities and other state agencies.

Additionally, the Authority has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. The Act was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. In lieu of designating a depository, the cash management plan may provide that the local unit make deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA), a multiple financial institutional collateral pool, which was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in or having a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

Restricted assets

Certain cash of the Authority is restricted for tenant security deposits or for other specified purposes.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses recorded on the financial statements represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the Authority's year end.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets

Land, buildings, and furniture and equipment are carried substantially at cost. All additions and betterments are charged to the capital asset accounts. The Authority has no infrastructure capital assets.

Expenditures, which enhance the asset or significantly extend the useful life of the asset are considered improvements and are added to the capital asset's currently capitalized cost. The cost of normal repairs and maintenance are not capitalized. Interest has been capitalized during the construction period on buildings and equipment.

Assets capitalized generally have an original cost of \$2,000 or more and a useful life in excess of three years. Dwelling equipment (ranges and refrigerators) is capitalized irrespective of cost. Depreciation has been provided on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings
Building improvements
Furniture and equipment

40 years 10 to 20 years 3 to 10 years

Compensated absences

Employees earn vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based upon length of service in accordance with the Authority's Personnel Policy. Sick leave can accrue without limit, but accrued vacation leave cannot exceed 2 years. In the event of retirement, employees may be compensated for accumulated vacation leave based on any accumulated and unpaid annual leave at the current rate of pay under the Personnel Policy. In the event of retirement, employees may be compensated for accumulated sick leave based on any accumulated and unpaid annual leave at the current rate of pay under the Personnel Policy up to 50% of the total accumulated sick leave, not to exceed \$17,500.

Amounts accrued are charged to expense with a corresponding liability.

Net Position

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 (Statement 34) of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", the Authority has classified its net position into three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced, by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources should be included in the same net position component as the unspent amount.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Position (continued)

<u>Restricted</u> – Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets." This component includes net position that may be allocated for specific purposes by the Board.

Income Taxes

The Authority operates as defined by the Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and is exempt from income taxes under Section 115.

Revenue

The major sources of revenue are various subsidies from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, charges to tenants, and other income as discussed below.

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Authority. Non-operating revenues and expense consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

<u>Federal grant revenue</u> - Operating subsidies, Capital Fund program revenue received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and other Federal grants are susceptible to accrual and are recognized during the year earned in accordance with applicable HUD and other Federal program guidelines. The Authority is generally entitled to receive monies under an established payment schedule or, for the Capital Fund program, as expenditures are made. Advance payments received for the subsequent year are recorded as deferred or unearned revenue.

<u>Tenant charges</u> - Tenant charges consist of rental income and fees. Charges are determined and billed monthly and are recognized as revenues when assessed because they are measurable and are collectible within the current period. Amounts not received by year-end are considered to be accounts receivable, and amounts paid for the subsequent fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

Other income - Miscellaneous income is composed primarily of miscellaneous service fees. This revenue is recorded as earned since it is measurable and available.

Use of Estimates

Management of the Authority has made certain estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets, liabilities and revenues and expenses to prepare these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting standards adopted

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Authority adopted the following new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Implementation of these statements had no material impact on the Authority's 2015 financial statements.

Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations

Issued in January 2013, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations.

The distinction between a government merger and a government acquisition is based upon whether an exchange of significant consideration is present within the combination transaction. Government mergers include combinations of legally separate entities without the exchange of significant consideration. This Statement requires the use of carrying values to measure the assets and liabilities in a government merger. Conversely, government acquisitions are transactions in which a government acquires another entity, or its operations, in exchange for significant consideration. This Statement requires measurements of assets acquired and liabilities assumed generally to be based upon their acquisition values. This Statement also provides guidance for transfers of operations that do not constitute entire legally separate entities and in which no significant consideration is exchanged. This Statement defines the term operations for purposes of determining the applicability of this Statement and requires the use of carrying values to measure the assets and liabilities in a transfer of operations.

A disposal of a government's operations results in the removal of specific activities of a government. This Statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for disposals of government operations that have been transferred or sold.

This Statement requires disclosures to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for government combinations and disposals of government operations occurring in financial reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013, and should be applied on a prospective basis.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting standards adopted (continued)

Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees

Issued in April 2013, the objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees.

This Statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. The amount of the liability to be recognized should be the discounted present value of the best estimate of the future outflows expected to be incurred as a result of the guarantee. When there is no best estimate but a range of the estimated future outflows can be established, the amount of the liability to be recognized should be the discounted present value of the minimum amount within the range.

This Statement requires a government that has issued an obligation guaranteed in a nonexchange transaction to report the obligation until legally released as an obligor.

This Statement also requires a government that is required to repay a guarantor for making a payment on a guaranteed obligation or legally assuming the guaranteed obligation to continue to recognize a liability until legally released as an obligor. When a government is released as an obligor, the government should recognize revenue as a result of being relieved of the obligation. This Statement also provides additional guidance for intra-entity nonexchange financial guarantees involving blended component units.

This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013.

New accounting standards to be implemented in the future

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27

Issued in June 2012, the primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements 27 and 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this Statement.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting standards to be implemented in the future (continued)

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (continued)

Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, revises existing standards of financial reporting for most pension plans. This Statement and Statement 67 establish a definition of a pension plan that reflects the primary activities associated with the pension arrangement—determining pensions, accumulating and managing assets dedicated for pensions, and paying benefits to plan members as they come due.

The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts that have the following characteristics:

- Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, and the pension plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit pension plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions also are addressed. Distinctions are made regarding the particular requirements for employers based on the number of employers whose employees are provided with pensions through the pension plan and whether pension obligations and pension plan assets are shared. Employers are classified in one of the following categories for purposes of this Statement:

- Single employers are those whose employees are provided with defined benefit pensions through single-employer pension plans—pension plans in which pensions are provided to the employees of only one employer (as defined in this Statement).
- Agent employers are those whose employees are provided with defined benefit pensions
 through agent multiple-employer pension plans—pension plans in which plan assets are
 pooled for investment purposes but separate accounts are maintained for each individual
 employer so that each employer's share of the pooled assets is legally available to pay the
 benefits of only its employees.
- Cost-sharing employers are those whose employees are provided with defined benefit
 pensions through cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plans—pension plans in which
 the pension obligations to the employees of more than one employer are pooled and plan
 assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides
 pensions through the pension plan.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BOROUGH OF BUENA Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting standards to be implemented in the future (continued)

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (continued)

In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities (payables) to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions. This Statement also addresses circumstances in which a nonemployer entity has a legal requirement to make contributions directly to a pension plan.

This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date

Issued in November 2013, the objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability.

This Statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Statement 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68.

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application

Issued February 2015, this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> — Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's formal policy regarding custodial credit risk is the same as described in Note 1, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. and included in its cash management plan. N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the Authority in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled trust funds such as salary withholdings or funds that may pass to the Authority relative to the happening of a future condition. As of March 31, 2015, all of the Authority's bank balances of \$185,176 were insured by Federal depository insurance.

Note 4: RESTRICTED ASSETS

The Authority established restricted cash accounts as required by HUD to report the associated cash associated with holding tenant security deposits. As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Authority's restricted cash balances are \$20,544 and \$21,033, respectively.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BOROUGH OF BUENA Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The Authority's capital asset activity for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

	Balance March 31, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance March 31, 2015
Land Buildings Furniture & equipment – dwelling	\$ 313,978 3,458,499 59,972	\$ 24,065		\$ 313,978 3,482,564 59,972
Furniture & equipment – nondwelling	34,381	16,555	\$ 3,865	47,071
	3,866,830	40,620	3,865	3,903,585
Less accumulated depreciation	2,015,179	105,015	3,865	2,116,329
Net capital assets	\$ 1,851,651	\$ (64,395)	\$ -	\$ 1,787,256
	Balance March 31, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance March 31, 2014
Land Buildings Furniture, equipment – dwelling Furniture & equipment – nondwelling	\$ 313,978 3,474,454 121,711 36,148		\$ 15,955 61,739 1,767	\$ 313,978 3,458,499 59,972 34,381
Buildings Furniture, equipment – dwelling	3,474,454 121,711		61,739	\$ 313,978 3,458,499 59,972
Buildings Furniture, equipment – dwelling	3,474,454 121,711 36,148	- \$ 106,684	61,739 1,767	\$ 313,978 3,458,499 59,972 34,381

During 2014, the Authority removed from its general ledger certain fully depreciated capital assets. Some of these assets were removed because they were no longer in use, and some were below the Authority's current capitalization threshold.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 6: PENSION PLAN

Public Employees' Retirement System

The Authority contributes to the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. PERS provides retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified plan members and beneficiaries. PERS was established in January 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A 43:15A. Membership in PERS is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, school district or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction. The Board of Trustees of PERS is primarily responsible for the administration of PERS.

According to the State of New Jersey administrative code, all obligations of PERS will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should PERS terminate.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly-available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by State statute. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members enrolled in the Public Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, the active member contribution rate increased to 6.5% plus an additional 1.0% phased-in over seven years beginning in the first year. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution amount will take place in July of each subsequent year. The State Treasurer has the right under the current law to make temporary reductions in member rates based on the existence of surplus pension assets in the retirement system; however, statute also requires the return to the normal rate when such surplus pension assets no longer exist.

The Authority is billed annually for its normal contribution plus any accrued liability. The Authority's total contributions to the plan, equal to the required contribution for each year were \$8,202, \$8,253, and \$8,626 for the years ended March 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively.

Early Retirement Incentive Program

Legislation enacted in 1991 and 1993 made early retirement available through Early Retirement Incentive Programs. These programs, which were subject to the approval of the Authority's governing body (within a limited period of time), were available to employees who met certain minimum requirements. The governing body of the Authority approved the program for eligible members of the PERS. Program costs are billed annually by the Division of Pensions. The Authority paid the remaining balance of their liability during 2015, in the amount of \$19,702. As of March 31, 2014, the accrued liability to the PERS for the 1993 program was \$17,374, payable in annual installments to April 1, 2033. For 2015, 2014, and 2013, payments were made in the amounts of \$19,702, \$1,276 and \$1,227, respectively.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BOROUGH OF BUENA Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 7: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following summarizes compensated absences at year end:

	March 31,			
	2015	2014		
Beginning balance Increase Decrease	\$ 10,493 6,735 5,608	\$ 8,833 5,106 3,446		
Ending balance	\$ 11,620	\$ 10,493		
Current portion	\$ 2,324	\$ 2,316		

Note 8: MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena entered into an agreement to retain management services from the Housing Authority of the City of Vineland and has agreed to pay \$29,500 annually and to be invoiced monthly. The Housing Authority of the City of Vineland provides management services and additional services on an as-needed basis for the Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena. The current agreement became effective as of January 1, 2013, and is effective until December 31, 2017. This agreement will renew one additional five year term through December 31, 2022 unless written notice is received 30 days prior to expiration. The total management fees paid was \$29,500 for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Note 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is a member of the New Jersey Public Housing Authority Joint Insurance Fund. The Fund provides its members with the following coverage:

Property and Physical Damage General and Automobile Liability Workers' Compensation Public Official Liability/Employment Practices Liability

Contributions to the Fund are payable in an annual premium and are based on actuarial assumptions determined by the Fund's actuary. The Commissioner of Insurance may order additional assessments to supplement the Fund's claim, loss retention or administrative accounts to assure the payment to the Fund's obligation.

The Fund publishes its own financial report which can be obtained from:

New Jersey Public Housing Authorities Joint Insurance Fund 9 Campus Drive, Suite 16 Parsippany, New Jersey 07054

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 10: OTHER MATTERS

Certain claims have been filed against the organization. In the opinion of management, all matters are adequately covered by insurance or are without merit.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(AS REQUIRED BY U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT)

MARCH 31, 2015

0200	HOUSING AUTHORITY OF TH	E BOROUGH OF BUENA		
	Financial Data			
	Year Ended Mar			
	TOW ENGOW HIEL			
	Account Description	3/31/2015 LOW RENT	2014 CF	TOTAL
ne Item #	Account Description	EOW REIVI	CF	- 101AL
	SETS:			-
С	URRENT ASSETS:			_
	Cash:			100.04
111	Cash-unrestricted	163,317		163,31
112 113	Cash-restricted-modernization and dev Cash-other restricted		-	
114	Cash-tenant security deposits	20,546		20,546
	Total cash	183,863	-1	183,863
	Accounts and notes receivables:			
121	Accounts receivable-PHA projects			07.000
	Accounts receivable-HUD other projects	27,202	- -	27,202
124 125	Accounts receivable-other government Accounts receivable-miscellaneous	1,283		1,283
126	Accounts receivable-tenants-dwelling rents	1,255		.,
126.1	Allowance for doubtful accounts-dwelling rents	-		
126.2	Allowance for doubtful accounts-other			: •
127	Notes and mortgages receivable-current			
128	Fraud recovery			
128.1	Allowance for doubtful accounts-fraud			
129 120	Accrued interest receivable Total receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles	28,485	_	28,485
120	Total receivables, fiet of allowances for uncollectibles	20,403		20,400
C	urrent investments			
131	Investments-unrestricted	-		
132	Investments-restricted			•
142	Prepaid expenses and other assets	22,482		22,482
143	Inventories Allowance for obsolete inventories			
143.1	Interprogram due from			
146	Amounts to be provided		-	
150 T	OTAL CURRENT ASSETS	234,830	- [234,830
	IONOUPPENT ACCETS.			
	IONCURRENT ASSETS: Fixed assets:			
161	Land	313,978	+	313,97
162	Buildings	3,482,564	-	3,482,56
163	Furniture, equipment & machdwellings	59,972	-	59,97
164	Furniture, equipment & machadmin.	47,072		47,07
165	Leasehold improvements			(0.4.5.5.5
166	Accumulated Depreciation	(2,116,329)		(2,116,32
167 160	Construction in Progress Total fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,787,257		1,787,25
100	Total lived assets, het of accombinated depreciation	1,101,231	 +	1,101,23
171	Notes and mortgages receivable-non-current			
	Notes and mortgages receivable-non-current-past due			
	Other assets			
175	Undistributed debits			
176	Investment in joint ventures			
100 7	OTAL NONCHEBENT ASSETS	1 797 057		1,787,25
180 T	OTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	1,787,257		1,101,23
190 TC	OTAL ASSETS	2,022,087		2,022,08
15511		_,,		
200 E	Deferred Outflow of Resources	-	-	
290 T	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	2,022,087		2,022,08

L	HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BORG Financial Data Schedu Year Ended March 31, 2 Account Description # IABILITIES AND EQUITY:	<u>ile</u>	2014 CF	
311 312 313	Year Ended March 31, 2 Account Description	3/31/2015		
311 312 313	Account Description	3/31/2015		****
311 312 313	#			
311 312 313	#			
311 312 313	#	LOW RENT		TOTAL
311 312 313	IABILITIES AND EQUITY:		UF	TOTAL
311 312 313	IABILITIES AND EQUITY:			
311 312 313				
311 312 313	IABILITIES:			
312 313	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
313	Bank overdraft			
	Accounts payable ≤ 90 days Accounts payable > 90 days past due	5,660		5,660
	Accrued wage/payroll taxes payable	1,763		1,763
322	Accrued compensated absences	2,324		2,324
324	Accrued contingency liability			
325	Accrued interest payable			•
331	Accounts payable-HUD PHA programs			
332	Accounts payable-PHA Projects Accounts payable-other gov.	40.005		40.000
341	Tenant security deposits	13,805 20,546		13,805 20,546
342	Deferred revenues	20,340		20,546
343	Current portion of L-T debt - capital projects			
344	Current portion of L-T debt - operating borrowings			
345	Other current liabilities			
346	Accrued liabilities-other	12,011		12,011
347	Inter-program (due to)		-	
310	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	56,109	_	56,109
	NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
351 352	Long-term debt, net of current-capital projects Long-term debt, net of current-operating borrowings			-
353	Noncurrent liabilities-other			
354	Accrued Compensated Abscences-Non Current	9,296		9,296
357	Accrued Pension			
350	TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	9,296	-	9,296
300	TOTAL LIABILITIES	65,405	•	65 405
300	TOTAL LIABILITIES	65,405		65,405
400	Deferred Inflow of Resources		:	-
	EQUITY:			
	Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,787,257	-	1,787,257
511.4	Restricted Net Position			
	Unrestricted Net Position	169,425		169,425
513	TOTAL EQUITY - NET ASSETS/POSITION	1,956,682		1,956,682
600	TOTAL LIAB., DEF. INFLOW OF RES., AND EQUITY-NET ASSETS/POSITION	2,022,087	-	2,022,087
				,
	REVENUE:		·	
	Net tenant rental revenue	227,075	_	227,075
	Tenant revenue-other	252		252
	Total tenant revenue HUD PHA grants-Soft costs	227,327		227,327
	HUD PHA grants-Hard costs	111,034	65,606	176,640
	Other government grants-CSP			
711	Investment income-unrestricted	195	- :	199
712	Mortgage interest income			
	Fraud recovery			
	Other revenue	6,433		6,43
	Gain or loss on the sale of fixed assets Investment income-restricted	-		
, 20	miresument modificación	 		

30200	HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE E	OPOUGH OF BUENA		
	Financial Data Sc		3	
	Year Ended March	31, 2015	1	-
		3/31/2015	2014	TOTAL
	Account Description	LOW RENT	CF	TOTAL
ine Item	#			
Ē	EXPENSES:			
	Administrative			·
		27,954	-	27,95
	Administrative salaries Auditing fees	9,800		9,80
	Management Fee	29,500		29,50
914	Advertising and Marketing	-		
	Employee benefit contributions-administrative	18,311		18,31
916	Office Expense	3,299		3,29 5,00
	Legal Expense Travel	5,000 3,345		3,34
	Other	25,192		25,19
313		-		
	Tenant services			
		· ·		
921 922	Tenant services-salaries Relocation costs	-		· · ·
922	Employee benefit contributions-tenant services			
924	Tenant services-other	1,303		1,30
	Utilities			
				15.45
		15,494 14,397		15,49 14,39
	Electricity Gas	26,144		26,14
	Fuel	20,144		20,1
	Labor			
937	Employee benefit contributions-utilities			
938	Other utilities expense	33,245		33,24
	Ordinary maintenance & operation			
941	Ordinary maint and op-labor	43.549		43,54
	Ordinary maintenance and op-materials & other	13,718		13,71
943	Ordinary maintenance and op-contract costs	34,232		34,23
945	Employee benefit contributions-ord. Maintenance.	9,170		9,17
	Protective services			
951	Protective services-labor			
	Protective services-other contract costs			
953	Protective services-other			
955	Employee benefit contributions-protective services		-	
			1	
	General expenses			<u> </u>
961	Insurance premiums			
	Property	10,545		10,5
961.2	Liability	5,881		5,8
961.3	Workmen's Comp	1,227		1,2
961.4	Other	1,966		1,9
962	Other General Expenses		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Compensated Absences	1,127		1,1
	Payments in lieu of taxes	13,805		13,8
	Bad debt-tenant rents			
	Bad debt-mortgages			
	Bad debt-other			
	Interest expense Severance expense		+	
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	348,204	-	348,2
- 555	EXCESS OPERATING REVENUE OVER OPERATING			
970		(3,215)	65,606	62,3

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HOUSING AUTHORITY OF T	<u>HE BOROUGH OF BUENA</u>	<u>\</u>	
Financial Data	<u>a Schedule</u>		
Year Ended Ma	rch 31, 2015		
A constant Decorated on	3/31/2015	2014	TOTAL
Account Description	LOW RENT	CF	TOTAL
			:
971 Extraordinary maintenance			<u> </u>
972 Casualty losses-non capitalized 973 Housing assistance payments			
974 Depreciation expense	105,015		105,015
975 Fraud losses	100,010		100,010
976 Capital outlays-governmental funds			_
977 Debt principal payment-governmental funds			-
978 Dwelling units rent expense			-
			<u> </u>
900 TOTAL EXPENSES	453,219		453,219
	100,210		400,210
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
10010 Operating transfers in	65,606		65,606
10020 Operating transfers out		(65,606)	(65,606
10030 Operating transfers from primary government 10040 Operating transfers from component unit			-
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss			-
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)	-		
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In			-
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out			-
10093 Transfers between Program & Project-In			
10094 Transfers between Program & Project-Out		(25, 222)	
10100 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	65,606	(65,606)	
1000 EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	(42,624)		(42,624)
	(12,021)		(12,021
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments		,	_
11030 Beginning Equity	2,044,298	_	2,044,298
11040 Prior period adjustments, Equity Transfer and Correction of Errors	-		-
11190 Unit Months Available 11210 Number of unit months leased	720		720
11270 Excess Cash	711 127,222		711 127,222
11610 Land Purchases	127,222		121,222
11620 Building Purchases	-		-
11630 Furniture & EquipDwelling	-		-
11640 Furniture & EquipAdmin	-		•
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	· .		
11660 Infrastructure Improvements Purchases 13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	-		<u> </u>
13310 CITE Debt Service Fayments			
Beginning Equity	1,999,306	-	1,999,306
Prior Period Adj./Transfer			
Income (loss)	(42,624)		(42,624
Totals	1,956,682		1,956,682
Pers Balance Sheet	1,956,682		1,956,682
	1,555,562		.,000,002
Difference	-	-	•

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HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BOROUGH OF BUENA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended March 31, 2015

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs			
Public and Indian Housing Program	14.850a	\$	111,034
Public Housing - Capital Fund Program	14.872		65,606
Total expenditures of federal awards		\$	176,640

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

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HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE BOROUGH OF BUENA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1: GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal programs of the Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena.

Note 2: BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

Note 3: RELATIONSHIP TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with amounts reported in the Authority's financial statements.

Note 4: PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE

Expenditures of federal awards were less than the single audit dollar threshold required by OMB Circular A-133 and therefore were not subject to a single audit. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and is not a required part of basic financial statements, as described in the Independent Auditor's Report.

Note 5: PHA'S STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM COSTS

There were no Modernization Cost Certificates filed by the Housing Authority in 2015.

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended March 31, 2015

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and with audit requirements prescribed by HUD.

Schedule of Current Year Findings

No Current Year Findings.

Housing Authority of the Borough of Buena Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings As Prepared by Management

This section identifies the status of prior year findings that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and with the audit requirements as prescribed by the HUD.

No Prior Year Findings.

APPRECIATION

We express our appreciation for the courtesies extended and assistance rendered to us during the course of this audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Bournan & Company LLP

BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants